TASC D II

Evaluation of the 4-French Pulsar-18 self-expanding nitinol stent in long femoropopliteal lesions (TASC D II) – 12-month results¹

Conclusions

- At 12 months, results on all 36 patients show Primary Patency (PP)* rates of 85.4% and Freedom from clinically driven Target Lesion Revascularization (Fcd-TLR) rate of 87.5%
- Clinical benefit and improvement of patients quality of life measured by improvement in Rutherford Class (RC) of 1 or more in 97.1% of patients at 12 months; Ankle-brachial index (ABI) improved from 0.60 ± 0.10 before the intervention to 0.88 ± 0.08 at 12 months; and pain-free walking distance improved from 56.1 ± 34.9 m before the intervention to 654.2 ± 419.1 m at 12 months (p < 0.0001)
- This all-comers registry for long femoropopliteal lesions of (mean lesion length: 18.2 cm) proved a safe usage of Pulsar self-expanding stent. Diabetes and renal insufficiency had no negative impact on PP or TLR rate

Study design

Prospective, multi-center, investigator initiated registry to evaluate the 4-French Pulsar-18 stent for the treatment of long (>15 cm) femoropopliteal arteries.

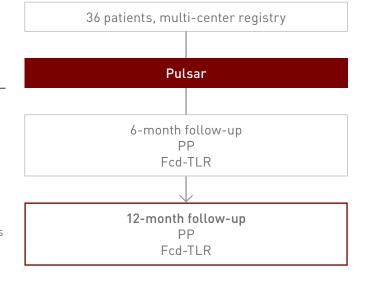
Endpoints

Primary endpoint

- PP* at 6 and 12 months, at the stented target lesion
- Fcd-TLR at 6 and 12 months

Secondary endpoints (selected)

- Improvement in resting ABI
- Improvement in pain-free walking distance improvement in RC
- Difference in PP* in diabetic and renal insufficieny patients
- Difference in PP* of single vs. overlapping stents



Patient characteristics	n = 36	
Age, yrs**	72.1 ± 10.6	
Male	18	50.0%
Hypertension	36	100%
Dyslipidemia	32	88.8%
Current smoker	21	58.3%
Diabetes mellitus	8	22.2%
Obesity	13	36.1%
Renal Insufficiency	4	11.1%
Rutherford Classification 2	6	16.6%
Rutherford Classification 3	19	52.8%
Rutherford Classification 4	5	13.9%
Rutherford Classification 5	6	16.6%
ABI**	0.60 ± 0.10	
Walking capacity (m)**	56.1 ± 34.9	

*Defined as n	o binary restenosis	on duplex ultrasound (F	PSVR <2.5)

**Data shown as mean ± SD

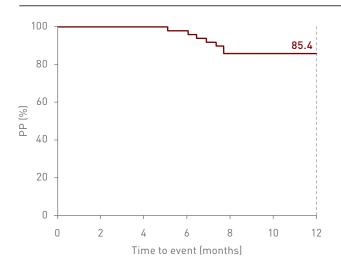
Lesion characteristics	n = 48	
Lesion length (mm)**	182.3 ± 51.8	
Chronic Total Occlusion (CTO)	46	95.8%
Popliteal segment (I–III)	3	6.3%
TASC D	48	100%



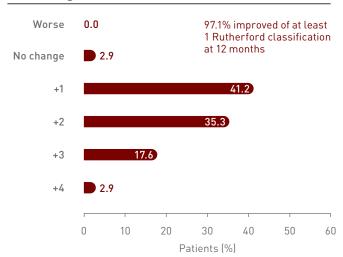
12-month PP results	S	p-value
PP		
Overall	85.4%	
Diabetic patients	81.1%	0.17
Overlapping stents	78.1%	0.07
Freedom from cd-TLR		
Overall	87.5%	

Clinical improvement	Baseline	12 months
ABI**	0.60 ± 0.10	0.88 ± 0.08
Pain-free walking distance**	56.1 ± 34.9	654.2 ± 419.1
Improvement in Rutherford Classification > 1		97.1%

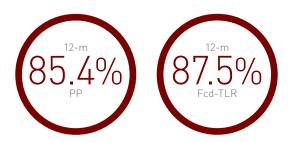
12-month PP



RC change at 12 months



Key outcomes



Principal investigator

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 ${\tt Pulsar}\ is\ a\ trademark\ or\ registered\ trademark\ of\ BIOTRONIK\ and/or\ its\ affiliates.$



^{1.} Lichtenberg et al. Evaluation of the 4-French Pulsar-18 Self-expanding Nitinol Stent in Long Femoropopliteal Lesions. Clin Med Insights Cardiol. 2015 Apr 8;8[Suppl 2]:37-42. doi: 10.4137/CMC.S15224.